

The Harvard Law School Record

VOL. 5 NO. 12

CAMBRIDGE, MASS., TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1948

PRICE TEN CENTS

NEWS IN BRIEF

LAW REVIEW ELECTION

In the election held recently, Francis J. Vaas of Newton Centre, Mass., was chosen Treasurer of the *Harvard Law Review*.



VAAS



TODD

Review. Vaas, a sixth-termer, was graduated from Holy Cross College in 1938. He succeeds John R. Todd, III, (Emory '43) of Kingsport, Tenn.

STUDENT ARTICLE

Harvey M. Spear, 3L (Brown '42), is the author of an article entitled *Corporate Purpose in Reorganization* which will appear in the December-January issue of the *Tax Law Review*. The author notes the present uncertainty caused by two recent Circuit Court opinions with reference to the precise reorganization requirements of subsection 112 (g) of the Internal Revenue Code. In particular, he attempts to trace the sources of the "corporate business purpose" doctrine and to discuss its meaning.



SPEAR

This term Spear was Advertising Manager of the *Record* and this publication hopes to carry a condensed version of his article in a forthcoming issue.

LEGAL SURVEY

Reginald Heber Smith, LL.B. '14, Boston attorney and Treasurer of the Harvard Law School Association, has succeeded Dean Arthur T. Vanderbilt of New York University as director of a survey of the legal profession. The survey, which is under the auspices of the American Bar Association and under the chairmanship of Judge Orie L. Phillips, presiding justice of the U. S. Circuit Court of Appeals at Denver, will study the lawyer's role, function, and place in a democratic society.

To meet the expenses of this investigation, the results of which will receive wide distribution, the Carnegie Corporation has made a grant of \$100,000 and the American Bar Association has appropriated \$50,000.

LEGAL AID DINNER

The Legal Aid Bureau held its annual dinner at the Signet Club on Dec. 18. Guest speakers were Dean Griswold, Mr. Charles B. Rugg of Ropes, Gray, Best, Coolidge & Rugg, and Professor Maguire of the Law School.

Mr. Rugg who was the first President of the Bureau in 1914 recalled the early days of its operation and its progress since that time.

KING'S BENCH ELECTIONS

Officers elected by the King's Bench for the spring term include: Chief Justice, Richard F. Staples (Harvard '41); Associate Justice, Sheldon B. Guren (Western Reserve '44); Scrivener, Herbert Ascherman (Harvard '47); and Justice of the Exchequer, Herbert E. Hansen (Oberlin '42).

The following members were elected to the Council of Justices: Clifford F. Cordes, Jr., (U.S. Military Academy '36); Eugene J. T. Flanagan, (Yale '44); Sydney G. Fisher (U.S. Military Academy '40); J. Taylor Greer, (Yale '45), and Nathaniel B. Taft, (Fordham '40).

PLACEMENT SITUATION IMPROVED

Job Prospects For January Graduates Appear Excellent

"Of the 195 men graduating this month, 58 already have found positions," was the placement record announced as the Christmas vacation ended, by Louis A. Toepfer, Assistant Dean. Mr. Toepfer also pointed out that at least 25 more would be placed before graduation as a result of job-hunting during the holidays. As it now stands, more men have been placed so far this term than have been placed at a comparable time in the preceding terms. In September '47 there were 14 out of 42 with jobs before graduation; in June '47 the record was 39 out of 118.

Though the placement situation is generally good, Mr. Toepfer feels that certain areas are "hotter" than others. New York, Chicago, Los Angeles, and Detroit are in this category. For instance, the New York Placement Office reports 103 available positions in that location. The slow areas are those considered to have a more or less static economy. Examples of such cities are: San Francisco, St. Louis, Philadelphia, Baltimore, and Boston.

The starting salaries for this class range from a high of \$5400 to a low of zero ("working for experience"). The average has remained close to \$250 per month.

A list of the prospective graduates, both those already placed and those who have not yet definitely accepted positions, appears on Page 3.

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

With this issue, the *Record* temporarily ceases publication until after the examinations and the vacation period. The next issue will be published on Feb. 17, 1948.

Subscriptions to the *Record* for the spring term may be purchased at registration today, tomorrow, or Friday; at the *Record* office, third floor, Austin Hall, or in the corridors of Langdell or Austin Hall on Feb. 17, when the first issue of the spring term will be distributed.

TUITION RAISE IS ANNOUNCED

Increase To \$600 Per Year Is Voted For Law School

The Harvard Corporation has voted to increase the tuition in the Law School to \$600 per academic year, beginning in September, 1948, Dean Griswold announced today. The present tuition charge is \$400 per year, and this figure has remained unchanged since 1928.

The increase will not affect men who finish their course on the accelerated basis; that is, men who entered in February, 1947, or before, and who complete their course by June, 1949, or before.

In announcing the tuition change, Dean Griswold stated that an increase has been postponed as long as possible, but that the additional charge could no longer be avoided.

The Dean said that by the fall of 1948, when the change becomes effective, the peak of postwar enrollment will have been passed, and the size of the school will be smaller than it was in some prewar years. By that time, the first and second year classes will be entirely normal in size.

Legal Approach Of Professor And Judge Is Compared By Magruder



JUDGE CALVERT MAGRUDER

The professor and the judge approach a legal problem with different forces at play. Calvert Magruder has been both Professor at Harvard Law School, and Senior Judge of the United States Circuit Court of Appeals, First Circuit. He here presents an interesting comparison of the two approaches.

The law professor and the judge certainly have different points of view. The hard-pressed judge, with a few days in which to draft his opinion, perhaps on an unfamiliar subject, reads some of the cases cited on the briefs, takes a peek at Corpus Juris, and goes to it. The law teacher reads the opinion and snorts, and with a learning born of years of specialization on a particular topic writes one of those devastating law review articles blasting the judge out of the water. The judge is made to look like a monkey—sometimes—but to be fair and impartial, I am bound to say that the professor sometimes makes a monkey of

himself. The professor reads the judicial opinion, and is astonished at the superficiality, the lack of comprehension, of the judge; that is, unless the judge has happened to have read and cited one of the professor's law review articles. The judge, so I am told by older hands, at first reads these law review criticisms with pain and mortification; later, as his hide toughens, he brushes them aside as mere academic pedantry. Now, that's too bad. Each has much to learn from the other. One of the beneficial by-products of the American Law Institute is that the professors and the judges get together, work together, eat, and even drink, together.

One criterion by which the law professor evaluates a judicial opinion is as to its suitability for inclusion in a case book. It has to be on an interesting point; the statement of facts ought to be simple, or simplified; and the opinion ought to be brief, preferably with a few literary gems. Or perhaps the opinion may qualify for a case book as a horrible example. As a law teacher I used to wonder why more judges didn't write compact, little opinions like those of Mr. Justice Holmes. Now that I have tried it, and have been appalled at my own verbosity, I find that extracting the inner essence of the case and expressing it in brief compass is an intellectual process of the highest order. Anybody can wander all over the lot.

In one respect, the judge has the advantage over the law teacher in the classroom and over the lawyer arguing a case—the judge doesn't have to explain, and stand cross-examination on, why a previous decision is not controlling in the case at hand. The lawyer

(Continued on page four)

DEAN'S REPORT CITES RECORD OF VETERANS



DEAN ERWIN N. GRISWOLD

BUGLE STUDIES HOUSE PROBES

Features Gellhorn Article On Un-American Inquiries

The latest issue of the *Harvard Law Review*, Vol. LX, No. 8, to be distributed the second week in January, features as its lead article a critique of the June '47 report of the Un-American Activities Committee which labeled as communistic the "Southern Conference for Human Welfare." The author, Walter Gellhorn, A.B. '27 (Amherst), LL.D. '31 (Columbia), Professor of Law at Columbia University, devotes his attention to an analysis of the methods employed by the House Committee and leaves the reader to draw his own conclusions concerning the proper limits of Congressional investigating committee activities. Mr. Gellhorn points out the paucity of the committee's evidence in the "Southern Conference" investigation, the fact that no hearing of any kind was allowed the organization investigated, and that heavy reliance was placed on "guilt by association."

Mr. Frederick A. Ballard, A.B. '28 (Hamilton), LL.B. '31 (Harvard), a Washington, D. C. practitioner, has contributed an article entitled: "Federal Regulation of Aviation." He presents a comprehensive survey of the regulation of civil aeronautics, detailing its history and pointing out some of the typical administrative techniques used in controlling such a dynamic industry. "Accumulations Beyond the Reasonable Needs of Business: The Dilemma of Section 102c" by William L. Cary, A.B. '31 and LL.B. '34 (Yale), M.B.A. '38 (Harvard), Professor of Law at Northwestern completes the article section of the forthcoming issue. Prof. Cary considers the administrative difficulties of the Treasury in regard to the

(Continued on page four)

AMES QUALIFYING CLUBS ANNOUNCED

Eight third-term clubs have qualified for the quarter-final round of the Ames Competition, three with a perfect record of four wins and five with three victories and one loss. The three top clubs were the Mentschikoff with an average of 138.8, Anonymous with 136.3 and Choate with 134.0. The five remaining qualifying organizations were: Edward Warren, 139.8; Jeremiah Smith, 138.9; Hall II, 138.8; Kent, 135.6; Story, 133.8.

In the first-term arguments, the Wilson Club was high scorer with an average of 143. There was a tie for second place between the Frankfurter and Patterson clubs, who averaged 139. In the third position were the Cardozo, Casner, and Coke organizations with 138.

Notes Exceptionally Low Failure Average Of Postwar Classes

The academic year 1946-7 proved to be one of the busiest in the history of the Law School, according to the Annual Report of the Dean of the Law School to the President of the University. Copies of this report to President Conant are available at the Dean's Office.

Dean Griswold took over the reins at the Law School on July 1, 1946, just as the great post-war stampede of ex-servicemen descended upon Cambridge to pursue war-thwarted legal educations. Operating on a three-term-a-year basis, the School undertook an increasing burden as the enrollment swelled to a new high of 1907 students in February of 1947. In spite of short terms and over-crowded classrooms, the entering students from February, 1946 to February, 1947, 93 per cent of whom were veterans, achieved a remarkable scholastic record. Failures dropped to a new low of 10 per cent, compared with pre-war averages of as high as 34 per cent in one class. Dean Griswold in his report attributes this improvement to the calibre of students. Since there were three to five times as many applicants for admission as there were openings available, rigid entrance requirements eliminated at the outset most of the men who probably would have failed first-year examinations. The Dean says, "We can safely conclude that the average calibre of the student body at Harvard Law School is now higher than it has ever been in the past."

During the year the faculty was boosted to its present strength by the return of several professors from war service and the appointment of four new permanent professors: Archibald Cox,

(Continued on page four)

STUDENTS ENDORSE OUTSIDE COURSES

Approximately 35 third-year law students took courses in other parts of Harvard University during the past two terms, a survey by the *Record* has revealed. Over 90 per cent of these men did their extra-legal study either at the Business School or at the Littauer School of Public Administration.

In reply to a questionnaire distributed by the *Record*, the men agreed almost unanimously that the economic approach to problems, which they derived from their outside courses, is an invaluable complement to the legal approach. Several recommended that every law student take at least one course in another department.

Third-year men may take these courses in any part of the University, at the Massachusetts Institute of Technology, or at the Episcopal Seminary, and may receive up to six hours' credit toward a Law School degree. Admission is a matter of courtesy to the Law School, so there is no extra charge even for courses taken in addition to a full Law School program.

Permission for these courses must be obtained from the outside department or instructor and from Dean Griswold. Credit will be granted only if the course is related to the individual's study of law. In the past credit has been given for such courses as Russian and Advanced Physics to men interested in foreign or patent law.

Courses may also be taken without credit, although the practice is frowned upon by some departments which feel that students tend to neglect studies for which they receive no credit.

The Harvard Law School Record

Published weekly on Tuesdays for twelve weeks of each term by *The Harvard Law School Record Corporation*, Austin Hall, Cambridge 38, Massachusetts. Subscription price: \$2.00 per term mailed, \$4.00 per year (24 issues); student subscription \$1.50 per term mailed, \$1.00 per term distributed at the Law School. Individual copies \$.10 each at the Law School; \$.15 each mailed. Business and Editorial Offices, Austin Hall, Cambridge 38, Massachusetts. Telephone Kirkland 7-7600, extension 133.

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"Entered as second class matter November 19, 1946, at the post office at Boston, Massachusetts, under the Act of March 3, 1879."

Editorials

The class which will be graduated this term is the largest group to come out of the Law School since the accelerated program was begun at the end of the war. Even larger classes will follow in June and September. Concentrated as this flow of graduates might seem, it should be pointed out that over the 10-year period from 1940 to 1950, the School will not turn out more graduates than it would have done in a normal 10-year period.

Thus, while the School cannot be accused, in the long run, of flooding the market with graduates, the unusually large number of graduates this year presents a placement problem which can be overcome only by the utmost in co-operation between the School and its alumni.

Dean Griswold and the Placement Office have been far-sighted in anticipating this placement rush and in setting in operation the machinery to handle it. With the help of alumni placement committees and the alumni as a whole throughout the country, the placement picture has shown steady improvement since Mr. Dimmitt started touring the country in the fall of 1946 to set the present plan in operation. But this year will provide the real test.

It is to be hoped that the many alumni of the School will contribute their best efforts to make the placement plan wholly successful in placing this term's graduates, and will do likewise for the classes that are to follow.

For the information of those who may want to contact the graduates of this term who have not yet accepted positions, the RECORD this week contains a list of these men, their home addresses, colleges, and desired location. These men can be contacted by writing directly to them, or through Mr. Louis Toepfer, Assistant Dean in Charge of Placement, at the Law School.

L. E. J.

Letters to the Editor

To the Editor of the RECORD:

It seems to me that Mr. Evans asked a basic question in his "Opinions of the Staff" in the RECORD of Dec. 9; namely, would the quality of the *Law Review* suffer if more students worked on it?

Mr. Creighton in his reply Dec. 16 seemed to answer the question only by saying, "Since the editors are responsible for the standards maintained by the *Review*, their best judgment on the methods most nearly calculated to further its primary purpose must be decisive."

Another judgment may be found in an article by Marsh, *The Law Review and the Law School: Some Reflections About Legal Education*, 42 Ill. L. Rev. 424, in which Prof. Marsh advocates extending law review training to a larger number of students. There at p. 439, Prof. Marsh concludes: "The theory that the program suggested would result in a lowering of the quality of the material published in the review, thus impairing to some degree the law review's other major function of providing valuable critical analyses of current legal problems, is one which it is hardly possible to evaluate. Whether the program would have this result or not cannot be definitely known until it is tried somewhere. . . . It seems to me that there is certainly a possibility that the quality might be improved."

GEORGE C. DENNEY, JR., 3L

To the Editor of the RECORD:

The article "Design Pirates May Copy Princess' Wedding Gown Unhindered by Law," by Eli Goldston, published in the Nov. 18, 1947, issue of THE RECORD, expresses a misunderstanding of our patent statutes which is very prevalent with general practitioners. The author seems of the opinion that such dress designs cannot be patented or copyrighted. Design patents are granted on dress and other clothes designs. The Official Gazette of the U. S. Patent Office illustrates a number of such patents in almost every issue. Copies of this weekly publication are available in the Law Library (last year in the Austin Hall section).

The reference to the Fashion Originators' Guild case is an erroneous interpretation of the decision. In this case the Court did not hold that designs of dresses cannot be patented or copyrighted, but clearly stated that the Guild admitted that its "creations" were "neither copyrighted nor patented," and that the Guild asserted "that existing legislation affords them no protection against copyists." The point of the case in this matter is that the Guild did not avail itself of such protection as it might have had under the patent statutes and, instead set up its own extra-judicial tribunals and extra-governmental regulations which were contrary to the antitrust laws.

A more detailed examination of this point will be found in my master's thesis, "Intellectual Property Protection and the Antitrust Laws," pages 25-28, which discusses defects and possible remedies of the present statutes and administration in this field. A copy of this paper is in the Law Library.

A. C. HUGIN.
(LL.M. '47)

To the Editor of the RECORD:

Mr. Shipley's article on "Lack of Uniform American Divorce Law," evinces considerable research, as well as care in the development of his theme. For instance, the sentence: "This English ecclesiastical law has never been recognized as a part of the American common law," is a pointed reminder that considerable bodies of law of the old Ecclesiastical Courts still survive in many American courts of common law and equity.

It has occurred to the present writer that there may be others of your readers, who might care to trace the relationship of English ecclesiastical law with American law and equity. If so they are respectfully referred to the authorities cited in two articles of yesteryear, viz:

"British Statutes in American Jurisdictions," 78 University of Pennsylvania Law Review, 195, 219 (1929).

"Canon Law in American Jurisdictions," 39 Dickinson Law Review, 75 (1935).

In conclusion permit me to felicitate you on the excellent work of your printers and proof-readers.

FREDERICK G. MCKEAN.
Philadelphia, Pa.

To the Editor of the RECORD:

It has been suggested that the Law School offer some type of instruction in the law of Community Property. Whether it would be in the form of a regular course for credit or in the form of lectures, similar to the ones offered on legal medicine, may depend on the number of men in the Law School interested in taking such a course during the third year's work beginning in June, 1948.

I shall appreciate it if all interested men will contact me, or leave a note in my box, at the Legal Aid Bureau to allow preparation of a formal petition to the Administration. Please indicate whether you would enroll in a course offered for credit.

MAX GREENBERG, 2L.

Off the Record

"... Ad Astra

*This term no quips re: Barton Leach;
Of him no twitting mention,
As Off The Record poets reach
The Everest of abstention.*

A Faculty For Humor

Professor Freund: "Some day some fellow actually is going to lift himself up by his bootstraps, and thereby spoil a perfectly good figure of speech."

"A-Feudin' Some More"

*A student of law had to rail
At subjects he studied at Yale;
"We learn social thee-o-ry
And Eco., till blee-a-ry,
While Harvard learns, like fee-tail!"*

*At Harvard, the answerers wail,
It's true that we study fee-tail,
But you've time to relax
With the opposite sax—
And learn of the modern feece-male."*

—J. S.

Gallery

ISADORE H. Y. MUCHNICK

Member of the Boston School Committee

"With rising tax rates, voters are increasingly anxious to receive full value for the public dollar—so there is a great demand for competent and honest men in municipal government. One should enter politics only if his interest coincides with the public interest." Thus Isadore H. Y. Muchnick, LL. B. 1932, explains the lawyer's civic duty in politics, but he advises against entering politics too soon after graduation—until such time as your practice is well enough established to support you. You can't build a permanent law practice on the basis of your momentary political influence, and the impecunious young lawyer in politics is often open to many temptations which under the circumstances may be difficult to resist. A minimum of economic security and enough maturity so that you won't be regarded as a pleasant kid errand boy are, in Muchnick's opinion, prerequisites to politics.

In his own case, he clerked for five years for a Boston attorney with a general practice before he went on his own. He now, with a partner, maintains a general practice in Boston. In the cities, Muchnick says, the new lawyer generally must begin with a clerkship in an established firm in order to gain the necessary experience and some income in his first years of practice—but he should resign and hang his own shingle the instant he feels he has acquired enough experience and that there is no future for him with the firm. This is especially true in a large firm where the young lawyer finds that his activity is restricted to a specialized field in which he is called upon to devote his time to a limited number of new problems. In such a case, it is wise for him to attempt to broaden his experience by changing jobs or by going out on his own.

Muchnick first entered politics ten years after graduation from law school. Within six years after his first venture for office, he has become one of the top political figures in Boston. When in 1942, the city councillor in his ward resigned to accept a Federal post, Muchnick decided to become a candidate. Special elections and other off-year elections when no candidates for the high executive offices are involved, he points out, are largely local popularity contests and thus are ideal opportunities for the fledgling politico to try his wings—particularly if no incumbent is in the contest.

In a local contest, it is not too difficult to obtain the 300 signatures required for a Boston ward nomination petition. Less than \$1500 was spent in Muchnick's first campaign, most of it for mailing. "The problem isn't so much getting campaign contributions for a modest campaign," Muchnick says, "but in making sure you don't accept money from those who will expect aid in grinding their personal axes."

Muchnick won his first election by less than 200 votes. After his initial term in the city council, however, in the only uncontested election in the history of the ward, he was returned for two more terms. "Honesty and integrity in municipal elected officials are recognized by the responsible press," Muchnick says, "and the local press will publicize and support worthy candidates for ward posts regardless of party affiliation." In his recent successful campaign for the school committee, Muchnick was supported editorially and given unusually favorable publicity by most Boston newspapers.

The school committee election was Muchnick's first city-wide test of voting strength. It was a bitterly contested election with 16 candidates seeking three posts and with all three incumbents in the race. A former mayor of Boston and governor of Massachusetts started his career on the school committee, and it is therefore regarded as a major stepping-stone by some Boston politicians, many of whom spend enormous sums campaigning for this unpaid post. Muchnick feels that the old traditional political stunts no longer mean much to an intelligent electorate, and in his successful campaign for a place on the Boston School Committee, he kept the costs of the contests to a minimum, relying chiefly on several radio addresses and house parties.

While there are certain disadvantages to political activity—much night work, time away from one's family, some time lost from the office—Muchnick believes that this inconvenience is one of the obligations a lawyer owes his community. State and federal executives graduate from the ranks of the ward politicians, and the young lawyer, fitted by background to take his place in the government of a nation, should get his basic training in ward politics. "Would I do it over again? I surely would," said Muchnick. "I've had a lot of fun, have learned a

Sub Judice

A RED BY ANY OTHER NAME * * *

Plaintiff sued for libel, claiming that defendant had issued a statement to the press which falsely charged, among other things, that plaintiff was a communist, and had communist affiliations and sympathies. Defendant moved for dismissal of the complaint, for failure to state facts sufficient to constitute a cause of action. Faced squarely with the question whether it is libelous to characterize one as a communist or communist sympathizer, the Court of Appeals of New York held that the jury could so find. In reaching its decision the court took notice of shifting public opinion and its relationship to the defamatory nature of words. "A writing is defamatory . . . if it tends to expose a person to hatred, contempt or aversion, or to induce an evil or unsavory opinion of him in the minds of a substantial number of the community, even though it may impute no moral turpitude to him. Whether language has that tendency depends, among other factors, upon the temper of the times, the current of contemporary public opinion, with the result that words, harmless in one age, in one community, may be highly damaging to reputation at another time or in a different place."

"Today and in the recent past—whether or not communism stands for violent overthrow of government—it is undeniable that for communism and its adherents and sympathizers, there has been widespread public aversion. Evidence of that antipathy is found not only in public opinion polls and in other studies, but also in legislation and executive orders enacted and promulgated during the past several years which subject communists and their affiliates and sympathizers to loss of public office and private position and, in some cases, even to deportation. This being so, it is no answer that communists may function as a recognized political party."

"Accordingly, having regard for the current public attitude—transitory though it may be—the courts have held that a false charge that one is a communist is basis for a libel action. And it is of little moment whether the statement describes plaintiff as a communist or as one having communistic sympathies and affiliations, for, as has been observed, 'any difference is one of degree only.' *Mencher v. Chesley*, 75 N.E. 2d 257 (N. Y. October 16, 1947)."

AN UNREASONABLY PRUDENT WOMAN?

Those who despair of ever finding the reasonably prudent man, or that more improbable creature—a reasonably prudent woman—will note with interest the testimony of a school-teacher who was suing the City of Sibley, Iowa, for negligence in allowing a ramp to remain covered with snow and ice. Plaintiff had slipped and suffered personal injuries consisting of a comminuted fracture of the ulna in her left elbow. In arguing absence of contributory negligence, she conceded that she had realized the ramp was very dangerous, but testified, "As I was proceeding down the ramp that day I was walking very slowly. I was wearing rubbers with good corrugation. I was walking with great care. I had my eyes on the ramp and the sidewalk all the time. I wasn't looking around at all. Nobody was with me. I took very short steps. Knowing the dangerous condition of the walk I was very careful about going over it. I was wearing rubbers at the time. I was walking with great care, very firmly, slow, and as I was proceeding down the ramp at the corner I fell."

The verdict in the trial court, awarding plaintiff \$2,000 was affirmed on appeal. "Under the record it cannot be said that the plaintiff was contributorily negligent, as a matter of law * * *." *Taylor v. City of Sibley*, 29 N.W. 2d 251 (October 14, 1947).

NO SLICE FOR SLICERS * * *

A court in California recently sank a long one when it upheld as a charitable trust—and hence, exempt from the state inheritance tax—a residuary bequest to establish a fund, the income of which was to be distributed to young golfers making the lowest scores in a tournament to be held each year by the trustees on San Diego county golf courses. Despite the novel method prescribed for the selection of the beneficiaries, the Court pointed out that the winners of the tournament were limited to \$200 each, to be paid to the school, college, or university of their choice in furtherance of their education. The Court said, "We cannot agree that the number of young people who can play the kind of golf which is here required is so limited as to affect the charitable nature of this trust." *In re Fleming's Estate*, 183 P. (2d), 295 (July 18, 1947).

great deal and have derived much satisfaction from trying to do my bit."

E. G.

Alumni Notes

Alumni are especially invited to forward contributions to this column to the RECORD office, Austin Hall, Cambridge (38), Mass.

Forty-three of 79 men who received law degrees in October, 1947, have reported on their present location and activity, as follows:

Charles Lloyd Albright, Jr., Reed, Smith, Shaw & McClay, Union Trust Bldg., Pittsburgh 30, Pa.; **Philip Hosmer Ball, Jr.**, Stoddard, Ball & Bartlett, 359 Main St., Greenfield, Mass.; **William Stanley Baltz**, Scott, MacLeish & Falk, 134 S. La Salle St., Chicago, Ill.; **Thomas Reuben Bell**, Avondale Mills, Sylacauga, Ala.

John Robert Carr, Jr., Buschmann & Roll, Circle Tower Bldg., Indianapolis, Ind.; **Felix Charles Ceresnak**, 730 Hillside Ave., Cliffside Park, N. J.; **Frank Bernard Clancy, Jr.**, 148 Main St., Nashua, N. H.; **Samuel Wilson Collins, Jr.**, Offices of Alan L. Bird, 21 Limerock St., Rockland, Me.; **William Joseph Condon**, Offices of Neal J. Huff, 259 W. 14th St., New York, N. Y.

Marvin Sanford Cowan, Isseks, Meyers & Verdon, 30 Broad St., New York, N. Y.; **Mitchell Keith Disney**, U. S. Navy, Judge Advocate General's Office, Washington, D. C.; **James Joseph Doherty**, Winstrom, Strawn & Shaw, First Nat'l Bank Bldg., Chicago 3, Ill.; **Francis Davis Edes**, Palmer, Dodge, Chase & Davis, 53 State St., Boston, Mass.; **Stanley Ewart Edwards**, Osgoode Hall Law School, Toronto, Canada.

Leroy Whiting Farinholt, Jr., University of Maryland Law School, Baltimore, Md.; **George Wiley Fenimore, Jr.**, Hassayampa Investment & Trust Co., Phoenix, Ariz.; **Clarence George Frame**, First Nat'l Bank of St. Paul, Minn.; **Richard Mortimer Furlaud**, Root, Ballantine, Harlan, Bushby & Palmer, 31 Nassau St., New York, N. Y.; **Frank Joseph Harrison, Jr.**, 221 E. Main St., Streator, Ill.

Arthur Hannon Healey, Connor & Connor, 153 Court St., New Haven, Conn.; **William McLendon Henderson**, University of Georgia Law School, Athens, Ga.; **Jerome Elliot Hyman**, Chambers of Judge John C. Mahoney, 1st C.C.A., Providence, R. I.; **Leonard Joseph**, Chambers of Judge Calvert Magruder, 1st C.C.A., Boston, Mass.

Clendon Hunt Lee, Mudge, Stern, Williams & Tucker, 40 Wall St., New York, N. Y.; **Laurence Myron Levinson**, Chambers of Judge Francis J. W. Ford, 1603 Federal Bldg., Boston, Mass.; **Clyde Ollen Martz**, University of Colorado Law School, Boulder, Colo.

George Minkin, Faculty Adviser, Ames Competition, Harvard Law School; **Walter Thomas Morey**, A. C. Strahley & Co., Decatur, Ill.; **James William Norman, Jr.**, John B. Stetson University College of Law, De Land, Fla.; **James Lowell Oakes**, Chambers of Judge Harrie B. Chase, 2nd C.C.A., Brattleboro, Vt.; **Charles Orlando Porter**, Chambers of Judge William Healy, 9th C.C.A., San Francisco, Calif.

James Talbot Rain, Lakewood State Bank Bldg., Dallas, Tex.; **Paul Mark Ryan**, Ropes, Gray, Best, Coolidge & Rugg, 50 Federal St., Boston, Mass.; **Calvin Parker Saugier**, Chambers of Judge Peter Woodbury, 1st C.C.A., Concord, N. H.; **Donald Arthur Schmechel**, Wright, Innis, Simon & Todd, 1411 Fourth Ave. Bldg., Seattle, Wash.

John Winfield Scott, Jr., Martin, Turner & McWhorter, Birmingham, Ala.; **John Joseph B. Shea**, Cleary, Gottlieb, Friendly & Cox, 52 Wall St., New York 5, N. Y.; **Wheeler Smith**, Shearer, Byard, Troegner & Peters, 654 Midland Bank Bldg., Minneapolis 1, Minn.; **Richard Burkett Stoner**, Office of Edwin G. Crouch, 301 Washington St., Box 382, Columbus, Ind.

Peter Norman Teige, McCutcheon, Thomas, Matthew, Griffiths & Greene, 1500 Balfour Bldg., San Francisco, Calif.; **Robert James Tilden**, 140 Queens Buyway, Falmouth, Mass.; **James Dayton Voorhees**, Legal Dept. of the Denver Tramway Co., Tramway Bldg., Denver 2, Colo.; **Lon Chandler Watson**, Radio Bldg., Anniston, Ala.

Prospective Graduates, January 1948

(The following is the latest available list of prospective graduates who have not as yet definitely accepted positions, with their desired locations.)

Name	Home Address	College	Location Desired
Aaronson, M.	Minneapolis, Minn.	U. of Minn.	Los Angeles or Minn. East.
Adelman, B. K.	1105 New York Ave., Huntington, N. Y.	Lafayette	
Allison, R. H.	1226 Fountain Ave., Evansville, Ind.	Northwestern	Calif. or Texas.
Alphson, H. C.	823 Belmont Rd., Grand Forks, N. D.	U. of N. D.	Minneapolis, Denver or Calif.
Anastos, T.	592 Huron Ave., Cambridge, Mass.	Harvard	East or West.
Anderson, C. S.	21 Kennard Ave., Boston, Mass.	U. of Hawaii	Hawaii, Calif. or Northwest
Arenwald, W. P.	23 W. 73 St., New York, N. Y.	Harvard	New York City.
Backman, J. H.	10 Mace Pl., Lynn, Mass.	Syracuse	N. Eng. or Boston.
Bannister, L., Jr.	care of A. T. Vanderbilt, Short Hills, N. J.	Harvard	N. Y. C. or N. Eng.
Bard, R. E.	4940 E. End Ave., Chicago, Ill.	U. of Ill.	Chicago.
Barrett, R. J.	P. O. Box 1341 Elks Club, Albuquerque, N. M.	U. of N. M.	New Mexico.
Barrows, R. S.	3B Gibson Terr., Cambridge, Mass.	Harvard	Detroit.
Baughman, H. W.	108 Maple Ave., Puncsatawney, Pa.	Drew	Boston or Chicago.
Bennett, T. E.	516 Elm St., Stillwater, Pa.	Okla. A. & M.	Okla. City or Tulsa.
Bernstein, H. L.	Lock Haven, Pa.	U. of Pa.	Phila. or New York.
Berry, C. N., Jr.	636 E. 14 St., Oklahoma City, Okla.	Yale	Undecided.
Beyer, J. L., Jr.	138 Clinton St., Tonawanda, N. Y.	Yale	Los Angeles or Buffalo.
Bissett, E. W.	1332 Charles St., Tampa, Tex.	Notre Dame	N. Y. C., Denver or Dallas.
Bledsoe, J. P.	Pocahontas, Ark.	U. of Ark.	Northwest or Calif.
Blinder, A. A.	3246 Fish Ave., New York, N. Y.	N. Y. U.	N. Y. C.
Bloomgarden, D. J.	566 Main St., Hongsdale, Pa.	U. of Wisc.	N. Y. C., Chicago or Wash. D. C.
Bondie, G. A.	176 Elmcraft Rd., Rochester, N. Y.	U. of Rochester	N. Y. State.
Branch, E. T.	404 Coventry Rd., Decatur, Ga.	Emory	Atlanta, Ga.
Broderick, V. L.	16 E. 96 St., New York, N. Y.	Princeton	N. Y. C., or Chicago.
Burr, N. J.	1125 S. Van Buren St., Green Bay, Wis.	U. of Wisc.	Dallas or West Coast
Burch, T. B.	316 S. Carlisle St., Bamberg, S. C.	South Carolina	Boston, Mass., or Ohio
Caidin, S. R.	129 S. Palm Dr., Beverly Hills, Calif.	Antioch	Los Angeles or Wash. D. C.
Carens, E. J.	7 Edge Hill Rd., Wellesley Hills, Mass.	Harvard	Mass. or Wash. D. C.
Chuck, W. G.	942A 8th Ave., Honolulu, T. H.	U. of Hawaii	Honolulu or San Francisco.
Cobb, I. W., Jr.	351 Mass. Ave., Cambridge, Mass.	Duke	N. Y., Wash. D. C., or Boston.
Darby, W. C., Jr.	201 Gates St., Huntsville, Ala.	U. of Ala.	Ala. or New Orleans.
Danoff, A. N.	47 E. Main St., Glen Lyon, Pa.	Harvard	East
Dargan, L. C., Jr.	801 Haines Ave., Dallas, Tex.	Southern Methodist	Tex., Hawaii or Calif.
Davis, B. G., Jr.	3 Wyndmer Rd., Milton, Mass.	Harvard	N. Y. or N. Eng.
Deutsch, M. J.	166-05 88th Ave., Jamaica, N. Y.	C. C. N. Y.	N. Y.
Dolan, J.	7 Lakeview Terr., Winchester, Mass.	Harvard	Boston.
Dornfeld, K.	286 E. Broadway, New York, N. Y.	C. C. N. Y.	N. Y.
Ellenson, S. L.	542 29th St., Newport News, Va.	Wm. & Mary	Va. or Wash. D. C.
Fein, H.	126 Lonsdale Rd., Buffalo, N. Y.	C. C. N. Y.	Calif. or Buffalo.
Felt, A. H.	1006 S. 23rd Ave., Bellwood, Ill.	U. of Ill.	Chicago or N. Y.
Ferguson, G. J., Jr.	15 Charles St., Danvers, Mass.	Holy Cross	Boston or Denver.
Firth, R.	care of Goodwin, Box 2355, Lafayette, Calif.	Indiana	Calif.
Ford, E. J.	122 Park Dr., San Antonio, Tex.	Harvard	Texas.
Frey, J. W.	3017 Carlton Rd., Shaker Hts., Ohio.	Colgate	Cleveland or N. Y.
Galluccio, A.	39 Thornton St., Newton, Mass.	Harvard	Boston or N. Y.
Gardner, J. A., Jr.	R. F. D. 1, Lyons, Ga.	Ga. Teachers Coll.	Southwest or South.
Geannopoulos, L. G.	2745 Logan Blvd., Chicago, Ill.	Northwestern	Chicago.
Godbold, J. C.	452 Samford Ave., Auburn, Ala.	Ala. Poly.	South or West.
Goodman, H.	905 Baltimore St., El Paso, Tex.	Harvard	Calif. or Ariz.
Goodwin, H. W.	133 Adams St., Steelton, Pa.	Harvard	Pennsylvania.
Haar, C. M.	315 Central Park W., New York, N. Y.	N. Y. U.	N. Y. C. or Wash. D. C.
Hill, J. W., Jr.	142 High St., Portland, Maine.	Dartmouth	Portland, Me., or East.
Hill, V. H.	1091 1/2 W. Webster St., Marshalltown, Iowa.	Iowa State	Minneapolis or St. Paul.
Hochberg, A. S.	350 E. 36th St., Paterson, N. J.	N. Y. U.	N. Y. C., or N. J. or Wash. D. C.
Hoehn, K. W.	149-65 Hawthorne Ave., Flushing, N. Y.	U. of Wisc.	N. Y. C., Chicago or Dallas.
Horwitz, M.	473 Beacon St., Boston, Mass.	Brooklyn Coll.	N. Y. or Calif.
Hoyler, H. M.	353 Harvard St., Cambridge, Mass.	Columbia	Northwest.
Iacoboni, A. M.	13 Hale St., Fitchburg, Mass.	Holy Cross	Calif.
Kalled, J. J.	8 Nevada St., Nashua, N. H.	U. of N. H.	Oregon or N. Eng.
Karlin, H.	3429 Blanche Rd., Cleveland Hts., Ohio.	Pittsburgh	Cleveland, Ohio or West Coast.
Kehl, E. W.	1523 N. 51 St., Milwaukee, Wis.	U. of Minn.	Milwaukee or Minneapolis.
Kern, F. N.	301 Johnson St., Seymour, Ind.	Ohio Wesleyan	Cleveland.
Kimmons, N. C.	Box 667, Polson, Montana.	U. of Wash.	San Fran., Chicago or N. Y.
Leetham, J. A.	316 W. McDowell Rd., Phoenix, Ariz.	Stanford	Calif.
Lider, E. W.	151 Brownell St., New Bedford, Mass.	Dartmouth	Boston.
List, D. P.	227 Logan Ave., Belvidere, Ill.	Dartmouth	Chicago or Denver.
Loebig, A. M.	258 S. Mansfield, Los Angeles, Calif.	Marshall	Los Angeles or N. Y.
Lopardo, F. V.	180 Main St., Hoosick Falls, N. Y.	Notre Dame	Calif. or N. Y.
Lopez, H. P.	2 Bow St., Cambridge, Mass.	Denver	Los Angeles or Wash. D. C.
Lovett, J. F.	13944 Faust St., Detroit, Mich.	U. of Michigan	Los Angeles or Cleveland.
Lynch, J. R.	Wilson Ave., S. Norwalk, Conn.	Dartmouth	Conn., N. H. or Calif.
Lynch, J. D.	107 Holyrood Ave., Lowell, Mass.	Harvard	Boston or Anywhere.
Marshall, R. L.	4 Ellsworth Ave., Cambridge, Mass.	Harvard	San Fran. or Northwest.
Martin, H. C.	Blowing Rock, N. C.	U. of N. C.	N. C. or Washington, D. C.
Massengale, J. E., 3d	225 Cedar St., Bangor, Me.	Harvard	San Fran. or N. Y.
McCormick, J. W. B.	117 Newark Ave., Bloomfield, N. J.	Brown	East or West.
McGee, P. D.	90 Collingwood Ave., Detroit, Mich.	U. of Portland	West Coast or Wash. D. C.
McCree, W. H., Jr.	26 Wabon St., Boston, Mass.	Fisk	Detroit, Calif. or Boston.
Meisel, G. I.	39 Richmond St., Painesville, O.	Western Reserve	Cleveland or Chicago.
Metzger, J. M.	601 Market St., Williamsport, Pa.	Muhlenberg	Southwest or Northwest.
Miller, D. J.	189 E. Second St., Corning, N. Y.	Notre Dame	San Fran.
Moen, H. T.	Avon, S. Dakota.	Luther	Ia., Ill., Wisc., or Minn.
Montgomery, J. M.	173 E. 80th St., New York, N. Y.	Harvard	N. Y. State or N. Eng.
Moore, E. K.	271 Argonne Dr., Kenmore, N. Y.	Harvard	N. Y.
Moore, H. F.	247 E. Front St., Trenton, N. J.	Georgetown	N. Y. or Wash. D. C.
Morris, L. B.	Ledgewood St., Hyde Pk., N. Y.	Princeton	N. Y., N. Orleans or Kans.
Mullen, J. C.	401 S. 40th St., Omaha, Neb.	Creighton	Midwest or West.
Murphy, S. M.	Ashtland City, Tenn.	Vanderbilt	South, Southwest or West.
Murphy, H. F.	Davenport, Wash.	Wash. State	Wash. State or Pacific Coast.
O'Brien, L. J.	5120 19th Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y.	C. C. N. Y.	Boston or N. Y.
Ostrie, L. J.	1009 Columbus Blvd., Coral Gables, Fla.	Duke	Calif. or East.

Name	Home Address	College	Location Desired
Passannante, W. F.	22 W. 11th St., New York, N. Y.	N. Y. U.	N. Y. or Colorado.
Paul, D. P.	601 Riverview Blvd., Daytona Beach, Fla.	Harvard	Palm Beach or Miami.
Pennish, J. S.	3520 Lake Shore Dr., Chicago, Ill.	Northwestern	Chicago or Los Angeles.
Pennoyer, P. G., Jr.	Locust Valley, L. I., N. Y.	Harvard	N. Y. or San Fran.
Platt, J. O., Jr.	State & Grubb Rds., Paoli, Pa.	Princeton	Phila. or East Coast.
Pinney, A. S.	17 Blackman Ave., Bethel, Conn.	Tufts	Connecticut.
Potter, G. L.	Foxboro, Mass.	Bowdoin	Anywhere.
Pryor, R. E.	116 N. 16th St., Wheeling, W. Va.	Bethany	West Virginia.
Rauch, J. G., Jr.	3050 N. Meridian St., Indianapolis, Ind.	Harvard	Indianapolis, Ind.
Reall, G. F.	12 Wendell St., Cambridge, Mass.	Tufts	Boston or Mass.
Richardson, R. K.	Mercer Sanatorium, Mercer, Pa.	Harvard	Pittsburgh, N. Y. or San Fran.
Robbins, E. G.	1715 N. 73rd St., Elmwood Pk., Ill.	Lawrence	Northwest or Middle West.
Rostron, W. E.	7227 Gartner Ave., Detroit, Mich.	Albion	Michigan.
Russell, R. B.	1715 Cambridge St., Cambridge, Mass.	Harvard	Boston, San Fran. or Texas.
Schmidt, K. F.	Dysart, Ia.	Iowa State	Ia., Minn. or Midwest.
Schoepke, H. G.	209 Prospect Ave., Mamaroneck, N. Y.	Middlebury	N. Y. or West Coast.
Schwartz, S.	15 Goodwin Ave., Newark, N. J.	U. of Wisc.	Newark or N. Y. C.
Scoutt, W. J., Jr.	2224 Jackson St., San Francisco, Calif.	Carleton	Wash. State or Calif.
Simmer, L. K.	750 N. Green St., Ottumwa, Ia.	Swarthmore	Texas.
Sinkler, R. D.	792 Golfview Ave., Youngstown, Ohio.	Notre Dame	Ohio.
Spear, H. M.	236 Freeman Pky., Providence, R. I.	Brown	N. Y., Wash. D. C. or Boston.
Stambler, A.	5223 Chevy Chase Pky., N. W. Washington, D. C.	Geo. Wash.	N. Y. or Wash. D. C.
Stanford, C. E.	72 Meadow Park Ave., Columbus Ohio.	U. C. L. A.	Columbus, Ohio.
Stein, A. J.	245 W. 104th St., New York, N. Y.	N. Y. U.	N. Y. or vicinity.
Stern, E.	2506 Davidson Ave., N. Y., N. Y.	N. Y. U.	N. Y. or Los Angeles.
Stockton, C. J.	505 Queen & Crescent Bldg., New Orleans, La.	Northwestern	Calif. or Chicago.
Stout, R. O.	462 Avondale Ave., Marion, O.	Ohio State	Ohio or Calif.
Sullivan, C. A., Jr.	16 Michigan Rd., Bellerose, L. I., N. Y.	Georgetown	N. Y. or Wash. D. C.
Sullivan, R. J.	286 Commonwealth Ave., Boston, Mass.	Amherst	Boston, Phila., or Denver.
Suozzi, J. A.	24 Second St., Glen Cove, L. I., N. Y.	Fordham	Long Island or N. Y. C.
Tiedemann, D. C.	28 S. Gale St., Westfield, N. Y.	Notre Dame	N. Y. C. or N. Eng.
Tuft, L. W.	4613 Larchwood Ave., Phila., Pa.	Temple	Phila. N. Y., or Washington.
Tuttle, G. M.	Short Hills, N. J.	Yale	West, N. Y., or East.
Wall, T. P., Jr.	105 19th Ave. S., Nashville, Tenn.	Notre Dame	Nashville, Tenn.
Webb, J. W.	705 N. Division St., Salisbury, Md.	Williams	South or Midwest.
Weinberg, A. I.	900 Grand Concourse, New York, N. Y.	Yale	N. Y. or Calif.
Weinberg, K. C.	266 Gordon Dr., Akron, O.	Miami U.	Midwest or West.
White, E. L., Jr.	School St., Mansfield, Mass.	Brown	Boston or N. Eng.
Wick, H. A.	3 Linnean St., Cambridge, Mass.	Maryville	Burlington, Vt., or Mass.
Williams, T. R.	74 Wellington Rd., Buffalo, N. Y.	Pennsylvania	Midwest, N. West or S. West.
Winer, S. R.	40 Berkeley St., Nashua, N. H.	U. of N. H.	N. Eng.
Witt, W. H.	5810 Cowen Pl., Seattle, Wash.	Harvard	Seattle or West Coast.
Wolff, L. R.	Wood River, Neb.	Geo. Wash.	West Coast or Midwest.

Prospective Graduates Already Placed

(The following is a list of prospective graduates who have already been placed, with their firm names and locations.)

Name	Firm and Location	Name	Firm and Location
Adams, J. K.	Bingham, Dana & Gould; Boston, Mass.	Lyons, C. S.	Lyon, Green, Whittmore, Doran & Brooks; Holyoke, Mass.
Akley, C. V.	Witters & Longmore; St. Johnsbury, Vt.	McCoy, T. F.	Davis, Polk, Wardwell Sunderland & Kiendl; New York, N. Y.
Aldrich, C. D.	Palmer, Dodge, Chase & Davis; Boston, Mass.	Morin, V. F.	Technicolor; Hollywood, Calif.
Ashman, R. E.	Baltimore, Md.	Morton, G. T., Jr.	Watson, Ess, Barnett, Whittaker & Marshall; Kansas City, Mo.
Baylor, J. R.	Lincoln, Neb.	Myers, F. M.	Cravath, Swaine & Moore; New York, N. Y.
Bernton, W. P.	Miller, Sher & Oppenheimer; Washington, D. C.	Nutter, R. H.	Clerk to Judge Galdston, Federal District Court; New York, N. Y.
Buckalew, M. L.	Charleston, W. Va.	Oldfather, C. H.	Miller, Mack & Fairchild; Milwaukee, Wis.
Clark, A. B.	Mississippi.	Perkins, J. W.	Palmer, Dodge, Chase & Davis; Boston, Mass.
Constant, I.	Stroock & Stroock & Lavan; New York, N. Y.	Pruitt, S. O., Jr.	Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher; Los Angeles, Calif.
Creighton, J. R.	McCutcheon, Thomas, Matthew, Griffiths & Greene; San Francisco, Calif.	Reed, J. A.	Allen, Yerrall & Appleton; Springfield, Mass.
Culbert, R. W.	Northcutt Ely; Washington, D. C.	Salter, P. V.	Wasserman & Salter; Boston, Mass.
Callahan, G. H.	Emerson, Emory & Danzig; New York, N. Y.	Scammell, S.	Scammell & Reese; Trenton, N. J.
Cracraft, G. K.	Newark, N. J.	Silva, F. E., Jr.	Warner, Stackpole, Stetson & Bradlee; Boston, Mass.
Devine, J. B.	Helena, Ark.	Solbert, P. O. A.	Davis, Polk, Wardwell, Sunderland & Kiendl; New York, N. Y.
Eckhardt, G. H., Jr.	Pillsbury, Madison & Sutro; San Francisco, Calif.	Spalding, W. F.	Gibson, Dunn & Crutcher; Los Angeles, Calif.
Fitts, N. C.	Goodwin, Proctor & Hoar; Boston, Mass.	Stanley, W., Jr.	U. S. Court of Appeals for District of Columbia.
Fitzgibbon, T. F.	Hannow & Mayo; Lynn, Mass.	Stevens, W. K.	The First National Bank of Chicago.
Fizzell, R. B., Jr.	Kansas City, Mo.	Stewart, C. E., Jr.	Root, Ballantine, Harlan, Bushby & Palmer; New York, N. Y.
Ford, G. L.	Baker & Hastetter; Cleveland, Ohio.	Swift, W. N.	Hutchins & Wheeler; Boston, Mass.
Foster, T. B.	Tanner, Garvin & Ashley; Seattle, Wash.	Temple, P. N.	Pillsbury, Madison & Sutro; San Francisco, Calif.
Hamant, C.	Baltimore, Md.	Waldron, J. R., Jr.	New Hampshire.
Hammond, F. J.	Briggs, Gilbert, Morton, Kyle & Macartney; St. Paul, Minn.	Walker, J. H.	Raleigh, N. C.
Hayes, S. E.	Maine.	Wilkey, M. R.	Butler, Binion, Rice & Cook; Houston, Tex.
Head, F. C. L.	Igoe, Carroll, Keefe & Coburn; St. Louis, Mo.	Winick, H. R.	Winick, Hoffman & Grumet; New York, N. Y.
Howland, W. G.	Nutter, McClellan & Fish; Boston, Mass.	Wyse, W. W.	Hart, Spencer, McCulloch & Rockwood; Portland, Ore.
Kalik, H. L.	Galef & Jacobs, New York, N. Y.	Young, R. H.	Morgan, Lewis & Bockius; Philadelphia, Pa.
Kilgore, J. E., Jr.	Dallas, Tex.		
Kirk, DeW. B.	Embry, Johnson, Crowe, Tolbert & Shelton; Oklahoma City, Okla.		
Kirkpatrick, J. B.	Arthur Dry & Dole; New York, N. Y.		
Krones, R.	Cahill, Gordon, Zachry & Reindel; New York, City.		
Lewis, M. B.	Schultheis & Laybourne; Los Angeles, Calif.		
Lowry, W. A.	Mooney, Hahn, Loeser, Keough & Freedheim; Cleveland, Ohio.		

N. Y. BAR APPLICANTS

BAR PROBLEMS: Analysis - Approach - Style

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Calendar

LEGAL WORLD

Registration

Graduate students, special students and students entering the sixth and seventh terms will register for the spring term today and tomorrow in the Langdell Courtroom from 10 a.m. to 12 noon and from 2 to 4 p.m. Students entering the fifth term will register on Friday in the Courtroom from 10 a.m. to 12 noon and from 2 to 4 p.m.

Students entering the second and fourth terms will not be required to re-register for the February 1948 term. These students will continue in the same sections to which they are assigned at present. Seat assignments will be posted on the bulletin board for the second and fourth terms.

Scholarship Applications

Scholarship blanks for men entering their fifth, sixth or seventh terms may be obtained at the Receptionist's desk in Langdell Hall and should be filed during the week of Jan. 19. Scholarships for the fifth term are awarded on the basis of the examinations covering the work of the third and fourth terms. Scholarships for the sixth and seventh terms are awarded on the basis of the work during the preceding term. No scholarships are awarded for the second or fourth terms.

Grotius Club

All members are invited to a party in honor of graduating members this Saturday evening at 8 in Kendall House.

Lockers

Students who wish to renew lockers are requested to do so at Langdell Courtroom today, tomorrow or Friday from 10 a.m. to 12 noon and from 2 to 4 p.m.

Veterans' Attendance Cards

The cards must be signed for January before Thursday, Jan. 15. They will be available in the main lobby of Langdell Hall from 2 to 3 p.m. every day until that date.

Austin Staircases

Staircases from the basement to the first floor of Austin Hall are henceforth to be one way only. Staircase up is the narrow one near the main entrance of the building. Staircase down is the wide one outside the Board offices.

OUTER WORLD

Ford Hall Forum

Professor Kirtley Mather of the Harvard Geology Department will speak on the topic *As Others See Us—Report from Europe 1947* at Jordan Hall, in the new England Conservatory this Sunday at 3 p.m. Take Huntington Ave. car to Opera House stop. Doors open at 7:30 p.m. Admission is \$.25.

REPORT—(Continued)

Mark DeWolfe Howe, Ernest J. Brown, Jr. and Robert Amory, Jr.

In the report the Dean points out to President Conant that the Law School needs help to meet the housing crisis, one of the most pressing post-war problems of the School. After noting that the Law School is largely a pay-as-you-go, self-supporting unit of the University, he says, "Our next responsibility to our students is to improve their living accommodations in ways which will increase the effectiveness of their legal education. . . . We need permanent University accommodations for at least 500 more of our students. We need common rooms where they may eat together and a dormitory where they may work together. We need places where Law Clubs may meet and where moot court arguments may be held."

The Dean also reports that the Library which now has 639,489 volumes cost \$216,998.58 to run last year. In the future when the School returns to normal operation, with a greatly reduced income, the Library will become a tremendous financial burden. "We need an endowment of from \$2,500,000 to \$3,000,000 as a minimum to support the Library if we are to continue its present scale of operation," he said.

On the brighter side of the report, Dean Griswold computes the scholarship aid received by the students at approximately \$2,000,000, including payments under the G.I. Bill.

The Kendall House Lunchroom, which served an average of 300 men daily, and the Nursery School, both under the management of the Law Wives, were praised in the report.

The Committee on Legal Education, under the chairmanship of Professor Lon Fuller, operated continuously throughout the year. In spite of their heavy teaching schedules, the committee completed a preliminary report, a general discussion of the problems, methods, and scope of legal instruction at the Law School.

Looking into the future Dean Griswold is hopeful that the Placement Office will be able to render great aid in 1948, when nearly 1000 men will graduate from the Law School. The Dean, assisted by Mr. Dimmitt and Mr. Toepfer has been canvassing alumni throughout the United States in an effort to find available jobs for graduates. He says, "The real task of the Placement Office lies ahead. We may believe, however, that the School is well prepared to meet the task when it comes."

BUGLE—(Continued)

undistributed profits tax imposed by Sec. 102 and the extent to which accumulation of capital by small business is hindered by these tax provisions.

The issue includes three notes. "The Choice of Law in Multi-state Unfair Competition"; "Taxation of Gain Resulting from Sales of Mortgaged Property"; and "The Inter-American Copyright Convention."

MAGRUDER—(Continued)

will cite a case or two "right on the nose," as he thinks. Expectantly he waits for the favorable decision. But alas, the court gets it all wrong, and decides the other way. How does the court dispose of those previous decisions? The Supreme Judicial Court of Massachusetts has developed that to a fine art: "Cases like *Hocus v. Pocus* (citation), and *Flim v. Flam* (citation) have no application to the case at bar." Just as simple as that! Or, "The case of *Hemm v. Haw* (citation) rests on its own peculiar facts." Or, better still, just ignore it!

In a different respect, the law professor has the advantage. He can lecture about a point of law, weigh the pros and cons, cite cases both ways, acknowledge that there is much to be said on both sides, and tell the students to make up their own minds. But the judge can't sit up there on the fence. He has got to decide the case one way or the other, however much he is wracked with doubts. The realization that in many cases a respectable opinion could be written either way sharpens his sense of responsibility. Such a case does not decide itself. In one sense, the law does not decide it—the judge decides it—and as he decides to climb down on one side of the fence or the other, he thinks of his oath of office, begins to distrust the purity of his own motives, and wonders what inner spring controlled the choice he has made. Perhaps he'll never know.

BASKETBALL TEAMS WILL CLASH TODAY

This afternoon at 4:15, the Swishers of the National League will play the winner of the American League in the semi-finals of the Law School basketball tournament. At 5:15 the Tigers of the Coast League will meet the Legal Eagles of the International League in another semi-final contest. Winning clubs will clash on Thursday afternoon at 4:30 for the championship.

Standing of the clubs:

American League	Won	Lost
Chancery	5	1
Rover Boys	5	1
Kings Bench (1)	2	4
Shysters	0	6
National League	Won	Lost
Swishers	7	0
59ers	4	3
Counselors	2	4
Hawks	2	4
Greenbags	1	5
Coast League	Won	Lost
Tigers	7	0
Trover Boys	3	3
Wolverines	3	3
Mugwumps	0	7
International League	Won	Lost
Legal Eagles	5	0
Gothams	4	1
Lincolns Inn	2	3
Kings Bench (2)	0	3
Neversweats	0	4



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